

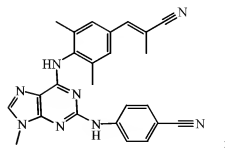
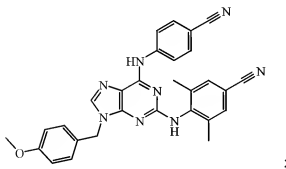
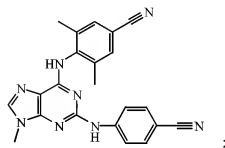
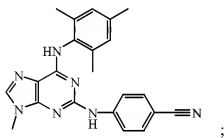
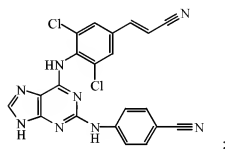
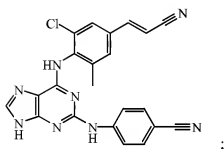
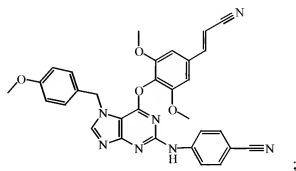
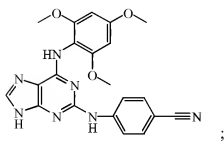
**Amendments to the Claims:**

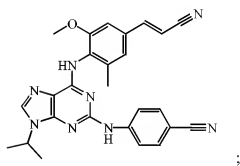
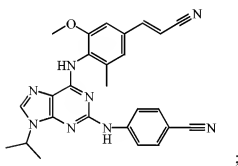
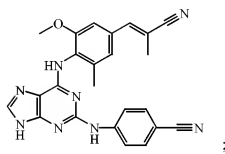
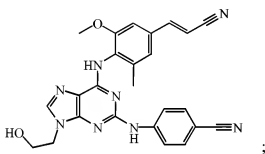
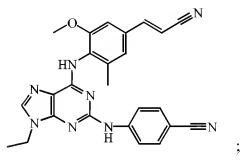
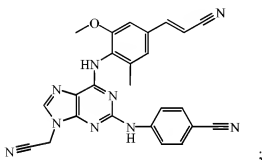
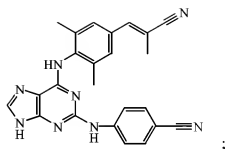
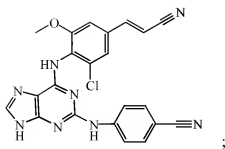
*This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the captioned application.*

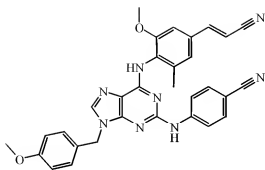
**Listing of Claims:**

- 1.-20 (cancelled)
21. (Previously presented) A product containing (a) a compound as defined in claim 25, and (b) another antiretroviral compound, as a combined preparation for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment of HIV infection.
22. (Previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and as active ingredients (a) a compound as defined in claim 25 and (b) another antiretroviral compound.
23. (Previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and as active ingredient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 25.
24. (Previously presented) A process for preparing a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23 comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 25 intimately mixed with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

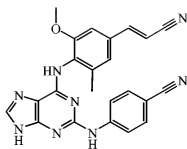
25. (currently amended) A compound selected from the group consisting of:



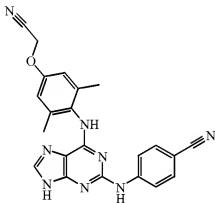




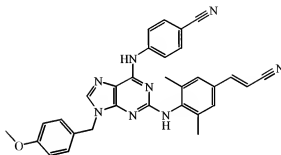
;



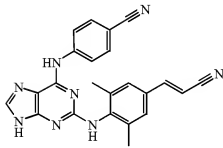
;



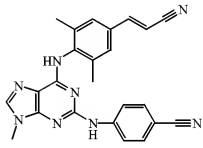
;



;



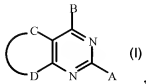
;



;

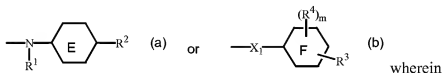
and N-oxides, or a pharmaceutically acceptable addition salts, quaternary amines or stereochemically isomeric forms thereof.

Claim 26. (new) A compound of formula



or a pharmaceutically acceptable addition salt, or a stereochemically isomeric form thereof, wherein

A and B each represents a radical of formula



ring E represents phenyl, pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl or pyrazinyl;

ring F represents phenyl, pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl or pyrazinyl;

R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen; aryl; formyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy carbonyl;

C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with formyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl,

C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy carbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyloxy; or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl substituted with C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy carbonyl;

R<sup>2</sup> represents cyano; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; or C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

X<sub>1</sub> represents -NR<sup>5</sup>-; -NH-NH-; -N=N-; -O-; -C(=O)-; -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-; -CHOH-; -S-; -S(=O)<sub>p</sub>-; -X<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-; -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-X<sub>2</sub>-; or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-X<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-;

X<sub>2</sub> represents -NR<sup>5</sup>-; -NH-NH-; -N=N-; -O-; -C(=O)-; -CHOH-; -S-; or -S(=O)<sub>p</sub>-; m represents an integer of value 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R<sup>3</sup> represents cyano; aminocarbonyl; amino; halo; NHR<sup>13</sup>; NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>; -C(=O)-NHR<sup>13</sup>; -C(=O)-NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>; -C(=O)-R<sup>15</sup>; -CH=N-NH-C(=O)-R<sup>16</sup>; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from R<sup>3a</sup>;

C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from R<sup>3a</sup>; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with one or more

substituents each independently selected from  $R^{3a}$ ;  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from  $R^{3a}$ ;  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from  $R^{3a}$ ;  $-C(=N-O-R^8)-C_{1-4}$ alkyl;  $R^7$  or  $-X_3-R^7$ ;

$R^{3a}$  represents halo, cyano, hydroxy,  $NR^9R^{10}$ ,  $-C(=O)-NR^9R^{10}$ ,  $-C(=O)-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $-C(=O)-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $-C(=O)-polyhaloC_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $-C(=O)-O-polyhaloC_{1-6}$ alkyl or  $R^7$ ;

$X_3$  represents  $-NR^5$ ;  $-NH-NH-$ ;  $-N=N-$ ;  $-O-$ ;  $-C(=O)-$ ;  $-S-$ ;  $-S(=O)_p-$ ;  
 $-X_{4a}-C_{1-4}$ alkanediyl;  $-C_{1-4}$ alkanediyl- $X_{4b}$ ;  $-C_{1-4}$ alkanediyl- $X_{4a}-C_{1-4}$ alkanediyl; or  
 $-C(=N-OR^8)-C_{1-4}$ alkanediyl;

$X_{4a}$  represents  $-NR^5$ ;  $-NH-NH-$ ;  $-N=N-$ ;  $-C(=O)-$ ;  $-S-$ ; or  $-S(=O)_p-$ ;

$X_{4b}$  represents  $-NH-NH-$ ;  $-N=N-$ ;  $-O-$ ;  $-C(=O)-$ ;  $-S-$ ; or  $-S(=O)_p-$ ;

each  $R^4$  independently represents hydroxy; halo;  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from  $R^{4a}$ ;  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from  $R^{4a}$ ;  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from  $R^{4a}$ ;  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl;  $C_{1-6}$ alkyloxy;  $C_{1-6}$ alkyloxycarbonyl;  $C_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonyloxy; carboxyl; formyl; cyano; nitro; amino; mono- or di( $C_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino; polyhalo $C_{1-6}$ alkyl; polyhalo $C_{1-6}$ alkyloxy; polyhalo $C_{1-6}$ alkylthio;  $-S(=O)_pR^6$ ;  $-NH-S(=O)_pR^6$ ;  $-C(=O)R^6$ ;  $-NHC(=O)H$ ;  $-C(=O)NHNH_2$ ;  $NHC(=O)R^6$ ;  $C(=NH)R^6$ ; or  $R^7$ ;

$R^{4a}$  represents halo, cyano,  $NR^9R^{10}$ , hydroxy or  $-C(=O)R^6$ ;

$R^5$  represents hydrogen; aryl; formyl;  $C_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonyl;  $C_{1-6}$ alkyloxycarbonyl;  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with formyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyloxycarbonyl or  $C_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonyloxy; or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyloxy $C_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonyl substituted with  $C_{1-6}$ alkyloxycarbonyl;

$R^6$  represents  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, amino, mono- or di( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino or polyhalo $C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

$R^7$  represents a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic saturated carbocycle; a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic partially saturated carbocycle; a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic aromatic carbocycle; a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic saturated heterocycle; a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic partially saturated heterocycle; or a monocyclic,

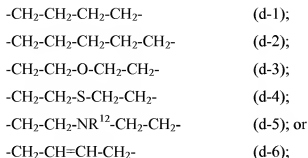
bicyclic or tricyclic aromatic heterocycle; wherein each of said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring systems may, whenever possible, optionally be substituted with one, two, three, four or five substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, mercapto, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, formyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylthio, cyano, nitro, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, aminocarbonyl, -CH(=N-O-R<sup>8</sup>), R<sup>7a</sup>, -X<sub>3</sub>-R<sup>7a</sup> or R<sup>7a</sup>-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-;

R<sup>7a</sup> represents a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic saturated carbocycle; a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic partially saturated carbocycle; a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic aromatic carbocycle; a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic saturated heterocycle; a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic partially saturated heterocycle; or a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic aromatic heterocycle; wherein each of said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring systems may optionally be substituted with one, two, three, four or five substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, mercapto, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, formyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylthio, cyano, nitro, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, aminocarbonyl, -CH(=N-O-R<sup>8</sup>);

R<sup>8</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with aryl, or aryl;

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> each independently represent hydrogen; hydroxy; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl; amino; mono- or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)amino; mono- or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; -CH(=NR<sup>11</sup>) or R<sup>7</sup>, wherein each of the aforementioned C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups may optionally and each individually be substituted with one or two substituents each independently selected from hydroxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, carboxyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, cyano, amino, imino, mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, polyhaloC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, polyhaloC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy, polyhaloC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylthio, -S(=O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>6</sup>, -NH-S(=O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>6</sup>, -C(=O)R<sup>6</sup>, -NHC(=O)H, -C(=O)NHNH<sub>2</sub>, -NHC(=O)R<sup>6</sup>, -C(=NH)R<sup>6</sup>, or R<sup>7</sup>; or

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> may be taken together to form a bivalent radical of formula



$\text{R}^{11}$  represents cyano;  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl optionally substituted with  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyloxy, cyano, amino, mono- or di( $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino or aminocarbonyl;  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkylcarbonyl;

$\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyloxy carbonyl; aminocarbonyl; mono- or di( $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

$\text{R}^{12}$  represents hydrogen or  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl;

$\text{R}^{13}$  and  $\text{R}^{14}$  each independently represent  $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di( $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl)aminocarbonyl;  $\text{C}_{2-6}$ alkenyl optionally substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di( $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl)aminocarbonyl;  $\text{C}_{2-6}$ alkynyl optionally substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di( $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

$\text{R}^{15}$  represents  $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di( $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

$\text{R}^{16}$  represents  $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di( $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl)aminocarbonyl; or  $\text{R}^7$ ;

-C-D- represents a bivalent radical of formula



$\text{R}^{17}$  represents hydrogen;  $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, cyano, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di( $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl)aminocarbonyl,  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ alkyloxy carbonyl or aryl;

p represents an integer of value 1 or 2;

aryl represents phenyl or phenyl substituted with one, two, three, four or five substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, mercapto,  $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, hydroxy $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, amino $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, mono or di( $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl)amino $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl,

$\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkylcarbonyl,  $\text{C}_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyloxy,  $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyloxy carbonyl,

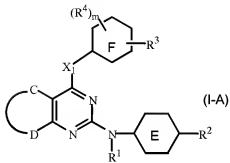
$\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkylthio, cyano, nitro, polyhalo $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyl, polyhalo $\text{C}_{1-6}$ alkyloxy, aminocarbonyl,

$\text{R}^7$  or  $-\text{X}_3-\text{R}^7$ ;



provided that when A represents a radical of formula (a) then B represents a radical of formula (b) and when A represents a radical of formula (b) then B represents a radical of formula (a).

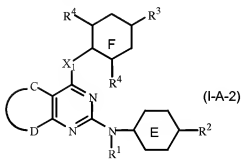
27. (New) A compound according to claim 26 wherein the compound has the formula



or a pharmaceutically acceptable addition salt, or a stereochemically isomeric form thereof,

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ , ring E, ring F, C, D,  $X_1$  and m are as defined in claim 26.

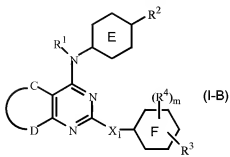
28. (New) A compound according to claim 27 wherein the compound of formula (I-A) has the formula



or a pharmaceutically acceptable addition salt, or a stereochemically isomeric form thereof,

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ , ring E, ring F, C, D and  $X_1$  are as defined in claim 26.

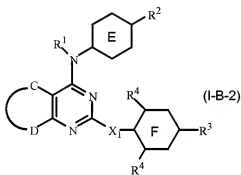
29. (New) A compound according to claim 26 wherein the compound has the formula



or a pharmaceutically acceptable addition salt or a stereochemically isomeric form thereof,

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ , ring E, ring F, C, D,  $X_1$  and m are as defined in claim 26.

30. (New) A compound according to claim 29 wherein the compound of formula (I-B) has the formula



or a pharmaceutically acceptable addition salt, or a stereochemically isomeric form thereof,

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ , ring E, ring F, C, D and  $X_1$  are as defined in claim 26.

31. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 26 wherein ring E is phenyl.

32 (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 26 wherein ring F is phenyl.



C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyloxy; or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl substituted with C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl;

R<sup>2</sup> represents cyano; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; or C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

X<sub>1</sub> represents -NR<sup>5</sup>-, -NH-NH-, -N=N-, -O-, -C(=O)-, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-, -CHOH-, -S-, -S(=O)<sub>p</sub>-, -X<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl- or -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-X<sub>2</sub>;

X<sub>2</sub> represents -NR<sup>5</sup>-, -NH-NH-, -N=N-, -O-, -C(=O)-, -CHOH-, -S-, -S(=O)<sub>p</sub>-;

R<sup>3</sup> represents NHR<sup>13</sup>, NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>, -C(=O)-NHR<sup>13</sup>, -C(=O)-NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>, -C(=O)-R<sup>15</sup>, -CH=N-NH-C(=O)-R<sup>16</sup>; cyano; halo; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from cyano, NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or R<sup>7</sup>; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with hydroxy and a second substituent selected from cyano, NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or R<sup>7</sup>; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from cyano, NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or R<sup>7</sup>; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from cyano, NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or R<sup>7</sup>; C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from halo, cyano, NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or R<sup>7</sup>; C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents each independently selected from halo, cyano, NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=O)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or R<sup>7</sup>; -C(=N-O-R<sup>8</sup>)-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; R<sup>7</sup> or -X<sub>3</sub>-R<sup>7</sup>;

X<sub>3</sub> is -NR<sup>5</sup>-, -NH-NH-, -N=N-, -O-, -C(=O)-, -S-, -S(=O)<sub>p</sub>-, -X<sub>4b</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-, -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-X<sub>4b</sub>-, -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-X<sub>4b</sub>-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-, -C(=N-OR<sup>8</sup>)-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-;

with X<sub>4b</sub> being -NH-NH-, -N=N-, -O-, -C(=O)-, -S-, -S(=O)<sub>p</sub>-; and

with X<sub>4b</sub> being -NH-NH-, -N=N-, -C(=O)-, -S-, -S(=O)<sub>p</sub>-;

each R<sup>4</sup> independently represents halo, hydroxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl,

C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, cyano, nitro, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl,

polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl, formyl, amino, mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino or R<sup>7</sup>;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen; aryl; formyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with formyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyloxy; or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl substituted with C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, amino, mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino or polyhaloC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic saturated, partially saturated or aromatic carbocycle or a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic saturated, partially saturated or aromatic heterocycle, wherein each of said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring systems may optionally be substituted where possible with one, two, three, four or five substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, mercapto, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, formyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylthio, cyano, nitro, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, aminocarbonyl, -CH(=N-O-R<sup>8</sup>), R<sup>7a</sup>, -X<sub>3</sub>-R<sup>7a</sup> or R<sup>7a</sup>-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanediyl-;

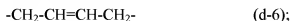
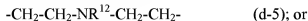
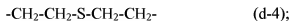
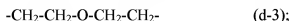
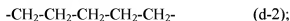
R<sup>7a</sup> is a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic saturated, partially saturated or aromatic carbocycle or a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic saturated, partially saturated or aromatic heterocycle, wherein each of said carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring systems may optionally be substituted where possible with one, two, three, four or five substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, mercapto, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, formyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylthio, cyano, nitro, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, aminocarbonyl, or -CH(=N-O-R<sup>8</sup>);

R<sup>8</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with aryl, or aryl;

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> each independently are hydrogen; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl; amino; mono- or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)amino; mono- or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; -CH(=NR<sup>11</sup>) or R<sup>7</sup>, wherein each of the aforementioned

C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups may optionally and each individually be substituted with one or two substituents each independently selected from hydroxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, carboxyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, cyano, amino, imino, mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, polyhaloC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, polyhaloC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy, polyhaloC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylthio, -S(=O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>6</sup>, -NH-S(=O)<sub>p</sub>R<sup>6</sup>, -C(=O)R<sup>6</sup>, -NHC(=O)H, -C(=O)NHNH<sub>2</sub>, -NHC(=O)R<sup>6</sup>, -C(=NH)R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>; or

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> may be taken together to form a bivalent radical of formula



R<sup>11</sup> represents cyano; C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxy, cyano, amino, mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino or aminocarbonyl; C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl;

C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl; aminocarbonyl; mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

R<sup>12</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> each independently represent C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl optionally substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl optionally substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

R<sup>15</sup> represents C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

R<sup>16</sup> represents C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, aminocarbonyl or mono- or di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminocarbonyl; or R<sup>7</sup>;

R<sup>17</sup> represents hydrogen; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with aryl;

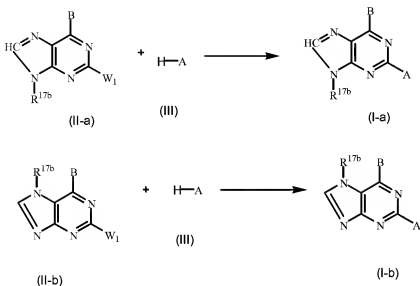
p is 1 or 2;

aryl represents phenyl or phenyl substituted with one, two, three, four or five substituents each independently selected from halo, hydroxy, mercapto, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, mono or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl,

C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylthio, cyano, nitro, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, polyhaloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy, aminocarbonyl, R<sup>7</sup> or -X<sub>3</sub>-R<sup>7</sup>.

34. (New) A compound according to claim 26 wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents cyano.
35. (New) A compound according to claim 26 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is cyano; aminocarbonyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with cyano or aminocarbonyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy optionally substituted with cyano or aminocarbonyl; C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl substituted with cyano or aminocarbonyl.
36. (New) A compound according to claim 26 wherein m is 2; R<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen; R<sup>2</sup> represents cyano; R<sup>3</sup> represents cyano; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted with cyano; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy optionally substituted with cyano; C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl substituted with cyano or -C(=O)-NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>; each R<sup>4</sup> independently represents halo, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy; X<sub>1</sub> represents -NR<sup>5</sup>- or -O-; R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen; R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> each independently are hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; or R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> may be taken together to form a bivalent radical of formula -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>- (d-3); R<sup>17</sup> is hydrogen; C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, cyano, aminocarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyloxycarbonyl or aryl; aryl is phenyl substituted with C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyloxy.
37. (New) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 26.
38. (New) A process for preparing a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 37 comprising mixing a compound of claim 26 with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

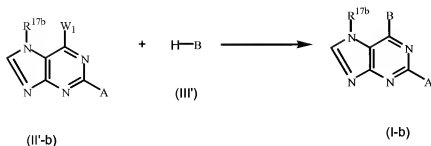
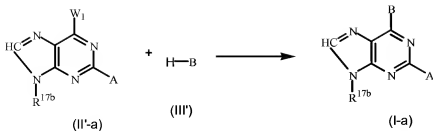
39. (New) A process for preparing a compound as claimed in claim 26, comprising:
- a) reacting an intermediate of formula (II-a) or (II-b) with an intermediate of formula (III) in the presence of a suitable catalyst, a suitable ligand, a suitable base, and a suitable solvent,



with W<sub>1</sub> representing a suitable leaving group, R<sup>17b</sup> representing C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted with aryl, and A and B being defined as in claim 26 and wherein X<sub>1</sub> represents -NR<sup>5</sup>-, -O- or -S-;

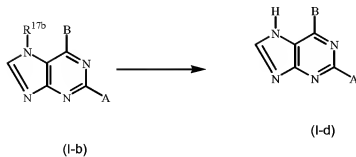
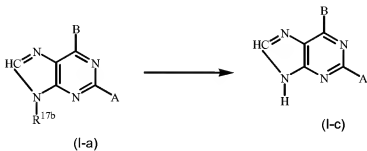
- b) reacting an intermediate of formula (II'-a) or (II'-b) with an intermediate of formula (III') in the presence of a suitable catalyst, BINAP, a suitable base, and a suitable solvent,





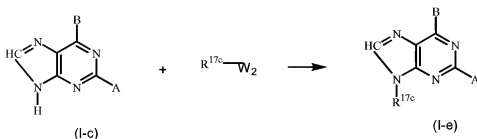
with  $W_1$  representing a suitable leaving group,  $R^{17b}$  representing  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with aryl, and A and B being defined as in claim 26 and wherein  $X_1$  represents  $-NR^5$ ,  $-O-$  or  $-S-$ ;

c) by converting a compound of formula (I-a) or (I-b) into a compound of formula (I-c) and (I-d) by reaction with a suitable acid,



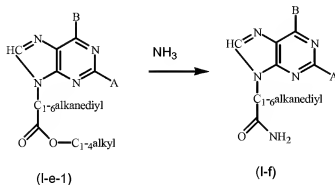
with  $R^{17b}$  representing  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl substituted with aryl, and A and B being defined as in claim 26;

d) converting a compound of formula (I-c) into a compound of formula (I-e) by reaction with an intermediate of formula  $R^{17c}\text{-}W_2$  in the presence of a suitable base and a suitable solvent,



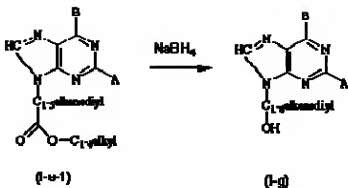
with  $W_2$  representing a suitable leaving group,  $R^{17c}$  representing  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl optionally substituted with cyano or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyloxycarbonyl, and A and B being defined as in claim 26;

e) converting a compound of formula (I-e-1) into a compound of formula (I-f), by reaction with  $NH_3$  in the presence of a suitable solvent,



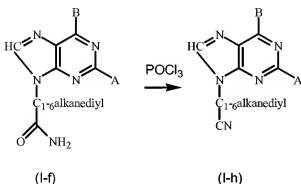
with A and B being defined as in claim 26;

f) converting a compound of formula (I-e-1) into a compound of formula (I-g), by reaction with  $NaBH_4$  in the presence of a suitable solvent,



with A and B being defined as in claim 26;

g) converting a compound of formula (I-f) into a compound of formula (I-h), by reaction with  $\text{POCl}_3$  in the presence of a suitable solvent,



with A and B being defined as in claim 26;

or if desired, converting the compounds of formula (I), into a therapeutically active non-toxic acid addition salt by treatment with an acid, or converting the acid addition salt form into the free base by treatment with alkali.

40. (New) A product containing (a) a compound as defined in claim 26 , and (b) another antiretroviral compound, as a combined preparation for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment of HIV infection.

41. (New) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and as active ingredients (a) a compound as defined in claim 26 , and (b) another antiretroviral compound.